AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1	1. (Currently amended) A processor-implemented method for
2	enabling efficient communication between a first and a second node in a network
3	by routing network traffic through fault zones in the network, the method
4	comprising:
5	identifying a path from the first network node to the second network node,
6	wherein the path is a possible routing path for communication between the first
7	and second network nodes;
8	identifying a set of fault zones through which the identified path passes;
9	for each fault zone in the set of fault zones, assigning as a zone weight, the
10	number of paths from the first network node to the second network node that
11	include said fault zone, wherein the zone weight at each fault zone is an indicator
12	of the number of possible routing paths that will traverse that fault zone, and
13	wherein the zone weight enables routing decisions independent of network traffic
14	is determined from the path configuration of the network;
15	calculating a path weight for the identified path, wherein said path weight
16	is equal to the sums of said zone weights for each fault zone included in the
17	identified path; and
18	selecting the identified path as the current routing path for routing the
19	network traffic from the first node to the second node,
20	whereby efficient communication from the first node to the second node is
21	enabled along the selected path.

1	2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
2	identifying a new path from the first network node to the second network
3	node;
4	assigning zone weights to each fault zone in the new path;
5	calculating a new path weight for the new path; and
6	if the new path weight is lower than said path weight for the identified
7	path, selecting the new path as the current path for network traffic from the first
8	node to the second node.
1	3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein:
2	the first network node is identified by a first identifier;
3	the second network node is identified by multiple identifiers, including a
4	second identifier;
5	selecting the identified path as the current path for network traffic from the
6	first node to the second node comprises selecting the identified path as the current
7	path for network traffic from the first node to the second node, wherein the second
8	node is identified by the second identifier; and
9	paths other than the identified path are selected as the current paths for
10	network traffic from the first node to the second node, wherein the second node is
11	identified by multiple identifiers other than the second identifier.
1	4. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium storing
2	instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a
3	method for enabling efficient communication between a first and a second node in
4	a network by routing network traffic through fault zones in the network, the
5	method comprising:
6	identifying a path from the first network node to the second network node,

wherein the path is a possible routing path for communication between the first

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and second network nodes;

identifying a set of fault zones through which the identified path leads; for each fault zone in the set of fault zones, assigning as a zone weight, the number of paths from the first network node to the second network node that include said fault zone, wherein the zone weight at each fault zone is an indicator of the number of possible routes that will traverse that fault zone, and wherein the zone weight enables routing decisions independent of network trafficis determined from the path configuration of the network;

calculating a path weight for the identified path, wherein said path weight is equal to the sums of said zone weights for each fault zone included in the identified path; and

selecting the identified path as the current <u>routing</u> path for <u>routing</u> the network traffic from the first node to the second node,

whereby efficient communication from the first node to the second node is enabled along the selected path.

5. (Currently amended) A processor-implemented method for enabling efficient communication between a first and a second node in a subnet by determining routing between nodes in the subnet, the method comprising:

identifying multiple fault zones in the subnet, each fault zone comprising one or more components of the subnet;

configuring a central subnet manager to manage routing between nodes in the subnet;

identifying a set of paths from a first node having a first identifier to a second node having multiple identifiers, including a second identifier, wherein the set of paths are possible routing paths for communication from the first node to the second node using any of the multiple identifiers, wherein traffic is deliverable to the second node using any of the multiple identifiers;

for each fault zone traversed by one or more of the paths, establishing a
zone weight based on the number of paths from the first node to the second node
that traverse said fault zone, wherein the zone weight at each fault zone is an
indicator of the number of possible routing paths that will traverse that fault zone.
and wherein the zone weight enables routing decisions independent of network
trafficis determined from the path configuration of the subnet;
for each path in the set of paths, establishing a path weight from the sums
of the zone weights for each fault zone traversed by said path; and
for each of the multiple identifiers of the second node, selecting as the
current routing path from the first node to the second node identified by each of
the said multiple identifiers identifier, from said set of paths, the path having the
best-least path weight,
whereby efficient communication from the first node to the second node is
enabled along the selected path.

6. (Currently amended) A computer readable medium storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a method for enabling efficient-communication between a first and a second node in a subnet by determining routing between nodes in the subnet, the method comprising:

identifying multiple fault zones in the subnet, each fault zone comprising one or more components of the subnet;

configuring a central subnet manager to manage routing between nodes in the subnet;

identifying a set of paths from the first node having a first identifier to the second node having multiple identifiers, including a second identifier, wherein the set of paths are possible routing paths for communication from the first node to the second node using any of the multiple identifiers wherein traffic is deliverable

to the second node using any of the multiple identifiers;

for each fault zone traversed by one or more of the paths, establishing a zone weight based on the number of paths from the first node to the second node that traverse said fault zone, wherein the zone weight at each fault zone is an indicator of the number of possible routing paths that will traverse that fault zone, and wherein the zone weight enables routing decisions independent of network traffic determined from the path configuration of the subnet;

for each path in the set of paths, establishing a path weight from the sums of the zone weights for each fault zone traversed by said path; and

for each of the multiple identifiers of the second node, selecting as the current <u>routing</u> path from the first node to the second node, wherein the second node is identified by <u>each of</u> the said multiple-identifiers <u>identifiers</u>, from said set of paths, the path having the <u>best-least</u> path weight,

whereby efficient communication from the first node to the second node is enabled along the selected path.

7-13 (Canceled).

14. (Currently amended) A system for enabling efficient communication between nodes in a subnet by determining routing through the subnet comprising multiple fault zones, comprising:

a network node configured to interface a client computing device with the subnet, wherein each node is identifiable by one or more node identifiers; and a client computing device, comprising:

a processor; and

a subnet manager module configured to determine routing between a first node and a second node in the subnet, wherein the first node is addressable by a first identifier and the second node is addressable by

11	multiple identifiers, including a second identifier;
12	wherein said subnet manager determines routing between the first node
13	and second node by:
14	for each fault zone in the subnet traversed by a possible routing
15	path from the first node to the second node, calculating a zone weight
16	based on the number of possible routing paths from the first node to the
17	second node that traverse said fault zone, wherein the zone weight at each
18	fault zone is an indicator of the number of possible routing paths that will
19	traverse that fault zone, and wherein the zone weight enables routing
20	decisions independent of network trafficis determined from the path
21	configuration of the subnet;
22	for each of the paths from the first node to the second node,
23	calculating a path weight based on the sums of said zone weights for the
24	fault zones traversed by said path; and
25	selecting as the current routing path from the first node to the second node
26	identified by the second identifier, the path r-having the best-least path weight,
27	whereby efficient-communication from the first node to the second node is
28	enabled along the selected path.
1	15. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein the client computing
2	device further comprises:
3	a memory configured to store path weights of current paths between
4	multiple pairs of node identifiers.
1	16. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein said memory is further

configured to store, in association with each of the current paths, zone weights for

fault zones traversed by the current path.

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- 1 17. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein said subnet manager is
- 2 further configured to disseminate routing information to a plurality of nodes in the
- 3 subnet, said routing information including said current path from the first
- 4 identifier to the second identifier.
- 1 18-24 (Canceled).